Unit 19 ATM401, ATM601 and CHEM601

Application, analysis, and evaluation

- 1. All students: Compare the vertical and horizontal pressure gradient force per unit mass for a pressure at sea level and 100*m* height of 1013.25*hPa* and 1000*hPa*, and an isobar of 1000hPa about 100*km* apart for a density of $1.29kg/m^3$.
- 2. Undergraduate students: Calculate the west-east scalar geostrophic velocity for $\phi = 25^{\circ}N$, a pressure gradient of 4hPa/150km in the south-north direction and $\rho = 0.8kg/m^3$.
- 3. Graduate students: At $\phi = 15^{\circ}N$, a hurricane has a pressure of 840hPa with density of $1.06kg/m^3$, and a pressure gradient of 45hPa/100km at a distance of 70km from the center. Calculate the horizontal wind components and comment on the centrifugal force and geostrophic wind.
- 4. All students: Determine the horizontal wind speed and direction (in degree) for a wind having a W-E-component of 10 m/s and a S-N-component of 5m/s.